

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

Safety Data Sheet

according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012) Date of issue: February 2023 Version: 3.0

	: FAX	
Trade name .2. Relevant identified uses of the su		
Use of the substance/mixture	ubstance or mixture and uses advised against : Arterial Embalming Fluid	
Use of the substance/mixture	: For professional use only	
.3. Details of the supplier of the safe		
THE CHAMPION COMPANY	Lucentt Limited 40 Ben Lomond Crescent	
Springfield, Ohio 45505	Auckland, New Zealand	
elephone No. (937) 324-5681	Phone: 09 273 8114	
.4. Emergency telephone number		
NFOTRAC: 1-800-535-5053 DOMESTIC or (352-323-3500 INTERNATIONAL	
ational Poisons Centre 0800 764 766		
azardous Substance Emergency 0800 C	CHEMCALL (0800 243 622)	
SECTION 2: Hazards identification	n	
.1. Classification of the substance of		
GHS-US classification Flam. Lig. 4 H227		
Acute Tox. 3 (Oral) H301		
Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal) H311		
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist) H332		
Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Eye Dam. 1 H318		
Resp. Sens. 1 H334		
Skin Sens. 1 H317		
Carc. 1A H350 STOT SE 3 H335		
STOT SE 1 H370		
.2. Label elements		
HS-US labelling		
Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)		
	\mathbf{v} \mathbf{v} \mathbf{v} \mathbf{v}	
Signal word (GHS-US)	GHS05 GHS06 GHS07 GHS08	
	: Danger	
	: Danger : H227 - Combustible liquid	
Signal word (GHS-US) Hazard statements (GHS-US)	 Danger H227 - Combustible liquid H301+H311 - Toxic if swallowed or in contact with skin H315 - Causes skin irritation 	
	 Danger H227 - Combustible liquid H301+H311 - Toxic if swallowed or in contact with skin H315 - Causes skin irritation H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction 	
	 Danger H227 - Combustible liquid H301+H311 - Toxic if swallowed or in contact with skin H315 - Causes skin irritation H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction H318 - Causes serious eye damage 	
	 Danger H227 - Combustible liquid H301+H311 - Toxic if swallowed or in contact with skin H315 - Causes skin irritation H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction 	
	 Danger H227 - Combustible liquid H301+H311 - Toxic if swallowed or in contact with skin H315 - Causes skin irritation H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction H318 - Causes serious eye damage H332 - Harmful if inhaled H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled H335 - May cause respiratory irritation 	
	 Danger H227 - Combustible liquid H301+H311 - Toxic if swallowed or in contact with skin H315 - Causes skin irritation H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction H318 - Causes serious eye damage H332 - Harmful if inhaled H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled H335 - May cause respiratory irritation H350 - May cause cancer 	
Hazard statements (GHS-US)	 Danger H227 - Combustible liquid H301+H311 - Toxic if swallowed or in contact with skin H315 - Causes skin irritation H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction H318 - Causes serious eye damage H332 - Harmful if inhaled H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled H335 - May cause respiratory irritation H350 - May cause cancer H370 - Causes damage to organs 	
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P271 - Use only in a well-ventilated area
P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace
P280 - Wear protective clothing, protective gloves, eye protection, face protection
P285 - In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection
P301+P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a POISON CENTER
P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water
P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact
lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P307+P311 - If exposed: Call a doctor
P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical attention
P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER
P312 - Call a doctor if you feel unwell
P330 - Rinse mouth
P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention
P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention
P342+P311 - If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a doctor
P361 - Take off immediately all contaminated clothing
P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse
P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse
P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use alcohol resistant foam, dry powder, carbon dioxide (CO2) to
extinguish
P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed
P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool
P405 - Store locked up
P501 - Dispose of contents and container to comply with applicable local, state, national and
international regulation.
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2.3. Other hazards

	hazards which do not result in ification
24	Unknown acute toxicity ((

: Spills of this product present a serious slipping hazard.

te toxicity (GHS-US) Unknown Ζ.

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Substance 3.1.

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

A1			
Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Methyl alcohol	(CAS No) 67-56-1	15 - 22	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapor), H331 STOT SE 1, H370
Formaldehyde	(CAS No) 50-00-0	< 19.5	Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation), H331 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 1A, H350 STOT SE 3, H335
Glutaraldehyde	(CAS No) 111-30-8	<3.5	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H330 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335
Boric acid, disodium salt, pentahydrate	(CAS No) 12179-04-3	<3	Repr. 1B, H360
Ethyl formate	(CAS No) 109-94-4	< 0.3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT SE 3, H335
Oils, cedarwood, Texan	(CAS No) 68990-83-0	< 0.3	Asp. Tox. 1, H304

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SECTION 4: First aid measures	
4.1. Description of first aid measures	
First-aid measures general	: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).
First-aid measures after inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Give artificial respiration if necessary. Immediately get medical attention.
First-aid measures after skin contact	: Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin area with mild soap and water, followed by warm water rinse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention.
First-aid measures after eye contact	: In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart. Subsequently consult an ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek medical attention immediately.
First-aid measures after ingestion	: If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Call a POISON CENTER. Obtain emergency medical attention. Give water or milk if the person is fully conscious. Never give anything by mouth to a person who is not fully conscious. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs.
4.2. Most important symptoms and eff	ects, both acute and delayed
Symptoms/injuries	: Causes damage to organs.
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Inhalation of concentrated vapors may cause serious damage to the lining of the nose, throat, and lungs. Depression of the central nervous system, headaches, dizziness, drowsiness, loss of coordination. Difficulty in breathing. Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. May cause cancer by inhalation. Causes damage to liver through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Toxic in contact with skin. Repeated exposure to this material can result in absorption through skin causing significant health hazard. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes skin irritation. Redness. Dermatitis. Contains formaldehyde which can combine with epidermal protein to produce a hapten-protein couple capable of sensitising T-lymphocytes. Subsequent exposures cause a type IV hypersensitivity reaction.
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage. Can cause blindness.
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: Toxic if swallowed. May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract. Ingestion may cause nausea and vomiting. Can cause blindness. Death in extreme cases. This material contains methanol, which, when ingested, has cards acidosis, ocular toxicity ranging from diminished visual capacity to complete blindness, and death.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures	
5.1. Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.
5.2. Special hazards arising from the subs	stance or mixture
Fire hazard	: Combustible liquid.
Explosion hazard	: May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture. Heating will cause pressure rise with risk of bursting and subsequent explosion. Vapors can travel considerable distances to a source of ignition where they can ignite, flash back, or explode.
5.3. Advice for firefighters	
Firefighting instructions	: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.
Protective equipment for firefighters	: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Wear a self contained breathing apparatus.
Other information	: Combustible liquid. Explosive dust-air mixtures may form. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to an ignition source and flash back to source of vapors. Special danger of slipping by leaking/spilling product. Thermal combustion may release carbon monoxide and dioxide. unburned hydrocarbons. Toxic gases and fumes may be released in a fire. On heating, there is a risk of bursting due to internal pressure build-up. Cool down the containers exposed to heat with a water spray. Alcohols burn with a pale blue flame which may be extremely hard to see under normal lighting conditions. Personnel may be able to feel the heat of the fire without seeing flames. Extreme caution must be exercised in fighting alcohol fires.

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SECT	ION 6: Accidental release meas	ur	es
6.1.	Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
Gener	ral measures	:	Avoid breathing dust, fume, mist, spray, vapors. Stop leak if safe to do so. Surface will become slippery when wet or damp. No open flames. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.
6.1.1.	For non-emergency personnel		
Emerg	gency procedures	:	Evacuate unnecessary personnel.
6.1.2.	For emergency responders		
Protec	ctive equipment	:	Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.
Emerg	gency procedures	:	Ventilate area.
6.2.	Environmental precautions		
Prevent	t entry to sewers and public waters. Notify	aut	horities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.
6.3	Methods and material for containment and cleaning up		

Methods for cleaning up	: Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials. Collect all waste in suitable and labelled containers and dispose according to local legislation. Ensure all national and local regulations are observed. Thoroughly wash the area with water after a spill or leak clean-up. Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation. Incinerate, dispose in sanitary landfill - if permitted. Consult the appropriate authorities about waste disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage	
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	
Precautions for safe handling	: Obtain special instructions before use. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Work in a well-ventilated area. When not in use, keep containers tightly closed. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work.
Hygiene measures	: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices.
7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including	ng any incompatibilities
Technical measures	: Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation. A washing facility for eye and skin cleaning purposes should be present.
Storage conditions	: Keep out of reach of children. Keep only in the original container in a cool, well-ventilated place away from highly flammable substances. Keep container tightly closed and dry. Store away from direct sunlight or other heat sources.
Incompatible materials	: Strong acids, bases. Oxidizing agents.
7.3. Specific end use(s)	

No additional information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Boric acid, disodium salt, pentahydrate (12179-04-3)				
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (mg/m ³)	6 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction)		
Glutaraldehyde (111-30-8)				
USA ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (ppm)	0.05 ppm (activated and inactivated)		
Formaldahuda (FO 00 0)				
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)				
USA ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (ppm)	0.3 ppm		
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	0.75 ppm		
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (STEL) (ppm)	2 ppm (see 29 CFR 1910.1048)		
Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)				
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm		

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Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)			
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	250 ppm	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	260 mg/m ³	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm	
Ethyl formate (109-94	-4)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	100 ppm	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	300 mg/m ³	
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm	

8.2. **Exposure controls**

Appropriate engineering controls	: Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation. Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure.
Personal protective equipment	 Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Wear protective clothing, protective gloves, eye protection/goggles, face protection. For certain operations, additional Personal Protection Equipment (PPE) may be required.
Hand protection	: Wear impermeable protective nitrile gloves. The quality of the protective gloves resistant to chemicals must be chosen as a function of the specific working place concentration and quantity of hazardous substances.
Eye protection	: Contact lenses should not be worn. Chemical goggles and face shields are required to prevent potential eye contact, irritation or injury.
Skin and body protection	: Long sleeved protective clothing. Overall. Rubber apron, boots. safety foot-wear.
Respiratory protection	: In case of insufficient ventilation. Wear suitable respiratory equipment. Approved organic vapor respirator.
Other information	: Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and	chemical properties
Physical state	: Liquid
Appearance	: Clear
Color	: Red-orange
Odor	: Pungent odor
Odor threshold	: No data available
рН	: No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1)	: 1
Melting point	: No data available
Freezing point	: No data available
Boiling point	: 90.55 °C (195 °F)
Flash point	: 72.77 °C (163 °F COC)
Auto-ignition temperature	: No data available
Decomposition temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor pressure	: No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	: ≈1
Relative density	: No data available
Density	: 1.072 Specific Gravity
Solubility	: Water: completely soluble
Log Pow	: No data available
Log Kow	: No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	: No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	: No data available
Explosive properties	: No data available
Oxidising properties	: No data available
Explosive limits	: 6.7 - 72 vol %

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9.2. Other information

VOC content

: 9 % (Percent Volatiles)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable at normal conditions. Unstable on exposure to heat; Combustible liquid. May Form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases. Oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

On thermal combustion form: Fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. unburned hydrocarbons. Toxic fumes.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

: Toxic if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Harmful if inhaled.

Boric acid, disodium salt, pentahydrate (12179-04-3)			
LD50 oral rat	2403 mg/kg		
ATE US (oral)	2403.0000000 mg/kg bodyweight		
Glutaraldehyde (111-30-8)			
LD50 oral rat	252 mg/kg		
LD50 dermal rabbit	560 μl/kg		
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	0.1 mg/l/4h		
ATE US (oral)	252.0000000 mg/kg bodyweight		
ATE US (vapors)	0.1000000 mg/l/4h		
ATE US (dust,mist)	0.1000000 mg/l/4h		
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)			
LD50 oral rat	600 mg/kg		
LD50 dermal rabbit	270 mg/kg		
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	0.578 mg/l/4h		
ATE US (oral)	100.00000000 mg/kg bodyweight		
ATE US (dermal)	270.0000000 mg/kg bodyweight		
ATE US (gases)	700.0000000 ppmv/4h		
ATE US (vapors)	0.57800000 mg/l/4h		
ATE US (dust,mist)	0.57800000 mg/l/4h		
Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)			
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	22500 ppm (Exposure time: 8 h)		
ATE US (oral)	100.0000000 mg/kg bodyweight		
ATE US (dermal)	300.0000000 mg/kg bodyweight		
ATE US (vapors)	3.0000000 mg/l/4h		
Ethyl formate (109-94-4)			
LD50 oral rat	1850 mg/kg		
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg		
ATE US (oral)	1850.0000000 mg/kg bodyweight		
ATE US (gases)	4500.0000000 ppmv/4h		
ATE US (vapors)	11.0000000 mg/l/4h		
ATE US (dust,mist)	1.5000000 mg/l/4h		

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Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/irritation	Causes serious eye damage.	
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allerg skin reaction. 	
Germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified	
	(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer.	
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)		
IARC group	1 - Carcinogenic to humans	
National Toxicity Program (NTP) Status	2 - Known Human Carcinogens	
Reproductive toxicity	Not classified	
	(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	May cause respiratory irritation. Causes damage to organs.	
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	Not classified (Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
Aspiration hazard	Not classified	
	(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)	
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. M cause respiratory irritation. Inhalation of concentrated vapors may cause serious damage to t lining of the nose, throat, and lungs. Depression of the central nervous system, headach dizziness, drowsiness, loss of coordination. Difficulty in breathing. Danger of serious damage health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. May cause cancer by inhalation. Cause damage to liver through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.	
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	Toxic in contact with skin. Repeated exposure to this material can result in absorption through s causing significant health hazard. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes skin irritatin Redness. Dermatitis. Contains formaldehyde which can combine with epidermal protein to produte a hapten-protein couple capable of sensitising T-lymphocytes. Subsequent exposures cause type IV hypersensitivity reaction.	
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	Causes serious eye damage. Can cause blindness.	
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: Toxic if swallowed. May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, a gastrointestinal tract. Ingestion may cause nausea and vomiting. Can cause blindness. Death extreme cases. This material contains methanol, which, when ingested, has cards acidosis, occ toxicity ranging from diminished visual capacity to complete blindness, and death.	

ilutaraldehyde (111-30-8)			
LC50 fishes 1	7.8 - 22 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])		
EC50 Daphnia 1	14 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)		
LC50 fish 2	2.6 - 4.8 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [flow-through])		
EC50 Daphnia 2	0.56 - 1.0 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])		
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)			
LC50 fishes 1	22.6 - 25.7 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])		
EC50 Daphnia 1			
LC50 fish 2	fish 2 1510 µg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])		
EC50 Daphnia 2	11.3 - 18 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])		
.2. Persistence and degradability			
FAX			
Persistence and degradability Not established.			
.3. Bioaccumulative potential			
FAX			
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.		

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Glutaraldehyde (111-30-8)	
Log Pow	0.22 (at 25 °C)
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)	
Log Pow	0.35 (at 25 °C)
Ethyl formate (109-94-4)	
BCF fish 1	(will not bioconcentrate)
2.4. Mobility in soil	
lo additional information available	

12.5. Other adverse effects	
Effect on ozone layer	: No additional information available
Effect on the global warming	: No additional information available
Other information	: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerati	ons
13.1. Waste treatment methods	
Waste disposal recommendations	: Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local and national regulations. Incinerate, dispose in sanitary landfill - if permitted. Ensure all national and local regulations are observed.
Additional information	: Do not re-use empty containers. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to flames, sparks, heat, or other potential ignition sources.
Ecology - waste materials	: Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 14: Transport information In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN2922, Corrosive liquids, toxic, n.o.s. (Formaldehyde, Glutaraldehyde, Methanol), 8, PGIII, ltd.qty. Hazard labels (DOT) : 8 - Corrosive 6.1 - Poison inhalation hazard Packing group (DOT) : III - Minor Danger DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 154 DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 203 DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 241 DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail : 5 L (49 CFR 173.27) DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 : 60 L CFR 175.75) **DOT Vessel Stowage Location**

: B - (i) The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) "On deck only" on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded.

DOT Vessel Stowage Other

Additional information

Other information

: No supplementary information available.

: 40 - Stow "clear of living quarters"

Transport by sea

No additional information available

Air transport

No additional information available

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

5.1. US Federal regulations FAX RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists) 512 lb Formaldehyde (50-00-0) Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Listed on the United States SARA Section 302 Listed on United States SARA Section 313 RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's 100 lb List of Lists) SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ) SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	Section 13. Regulatory mormation			
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists) 512 lb Formaldehyde (50-00-0) Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Listed on the United States SARA Section 302 Listed on United States SARA Section 303 RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's list of Lists) 100 lb SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ) SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting 0.1 %	5.1. US Federal regulations			
Formaldehyde (50-00-0) Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Listed on the United States SARA Section 302 Listed on United States SARA Section 313 RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists) SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ) SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	FAX			
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Listed on the United States SARA Section 302 Listed on United States SARA Section 313 RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists) 100 lb SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ) 500 SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting 0.1 %	RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's Lis	st of Lists)	512 lb	
Listed on the United States SARA Section 302 Listed on United States SARA Section 313 RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists) SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ) SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting 0.1 %	Formaldehyde (50-00-0)			
List of Lists) SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ) 500 SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting 0.1 %	Listed on the United States SARA Section 302			
Quantity (TPQ) 0.1 %		100 lb		
	5	500		
	SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	0.1 %		
Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)				
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists) 5000 lb		5000 lb		
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting 1.0 %	SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 %		

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Glutaraldehyde (111-30-8)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic	Sustances List)	
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 1 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects Class E - Corrosive Material	
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic	Sustances List)	
WHMIS Classification	Class A - Compressed Gas Class B Division 1 - Flammable Gas Class D Division 1 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects	
Ethyl formate (109-94-4)		
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic	Sustances List)	
WHMIS Classification	Class B Division 2 - Flammable Liquid Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects	

NEW ZEALAND

HSNO Approval Number	HSR 002567		
ERMA Group Standard	RMA Group Standard Embalming Products (Flammable, Toxic [6.1], Corrosive) Group Standard 2006		
HSNO controls: Trigger qua	antities beyond which site and storage conditions apply:		
Fire extinguishers:	500 L		
Response plans and secondary containment: 100 L			
Signage: 250 L			
Approved handler test certi	ificate: Required for HSNO Class 6 substance		
Tracking requirements:	6.1B substances must comply with the Hazardous Substances (Tracking) Regulations 2001.		
This information is subject to the conditions and exceptions detailed in the relevant Group Standard available from http://ermanz.govt.nz/hs/groupstandards/index.html.			

EU-Regulations

Safety Data Sheet

according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

Formaldehyde (50-00-0)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

No additional information available

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD] or 1999/45/EC [DPD]

No additional information available

15.2.2. National regulations

Formaldehyde (50-00-0)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory

Listed on the Japanese ISHL (Industrial Safety and Health Law)

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

Japanese Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law

Japanese Pollutant Release and Transfer Register Law (PRTR Law)

Listed as carcinogen on NTP (National Toxicology Program)

Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)

15.3. US State regulations

No additional information available

Formaldehyde (50-00-0)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significance risk level (NSRL)
Yes				
Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significance risk level (NSRL)
	Yes			

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information

: None.

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16:

Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation:dust,mist)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 2
Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation)	Acute toxicity (inhalation) Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapor)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapor) Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 3
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation)	Acute toxicity (inhalation) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, Category 1
Carc. 1A	Carcinogenicity, Category 1A
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2A
Flam. Liq. 2 Flammable liquids Category 2	
Flam. Liq. 4	Flammable liquids Category 4
Repr. 1B	Reproductive toxicity Category 1B
Resp. Sens. 1	Sensitisation — Respiratory, category 1
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
Skin Sens. 1	Sensitisation — Skin, category 1

FAX Safety Data Sheet

according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

STOT SE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 1
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
H227	Combustible liquid
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H311	Toxic in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H330	Fatal if inhaled
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H350	May cause cancer
H360	May damage fertility or the unborn child
H370	Causes damage to organs

HMIS III Rating

Health Flammability

: 2 Moderate Hazard

Physical

: 0 Minimal Hazard

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

The information herein given is in good faith but no warranty, expressed or implied, is made, except that to the best of the Company's knowledge it is accurate. The Champion Company does not assume any legal responsibilities for use or dependence upon same. Customers may wish to conduct tests of their own. The user is urged to read the information provided on the label before using product.

: 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur