

Safety Data Sheet

according to the federal final rule of hazard communication revised on 2012 (HazCom 2012)

Date of issue: February 2023

Version: 3.0

Phone: 09 273 8114

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name : JAUN-DIAL

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Arterial Embalming Fluid
Use of the substance/mixture : For professional use only

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

THE CHAMPION COMPANY Lucentt Limited

400 Harrison Street40 Ben Lomond CrescentSpringfield, Ohio 45505Auckland, New Zealand

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Telephone No. (937) 324-5681

INFOTRAC: 1-800-535-5053 DOMESTIC or 352-323-3500 INTERNATIONAL

National Poisons Centre 0800 764 766

Hazardous Substance Emergency 0800 CHEMCALL (0800 243 622)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification

H227 Flam, Liq. 4 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral) H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal) H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:dust,mist) H332 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Eye Dam. 1 H318 Resp. Sens. 1 H334 Skin Sens. 1 H317 Carc. 1A H350 STOT SE 3 H335 STOT SE 1 H370

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)





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GHS07

GHS08

Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H227 - Combustible liquid

H302+H312+H332 - Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

H315 - Causes skin irritation

H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction H318 - Causes serious eye damage

H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

H335 - May cause respiratory irritation

H350 - May cause cancer

H370 - Causes damage to organs

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use

P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. - No smoking

P260 - Do not breathe dust, fume, mist, spray, vapors P261 - Avoid breathing dust, fume, mist, spray, vapors

P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling

P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

P271 - Use only in a well-ventilated area

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P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace

P280 - Wear protective clothing, protective gloves, eye protection, face protection

P285 - If inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection

P301+P312 - If swallowed: Call a POISON CENTER

P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of water

P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing

P307+P311 - If exposed: Call a doctor

P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical attention

P310 - Immediately call a POISON CENTER

P312 - Call a doctor if you feel unwell

P330 - Rinse mouth

P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical attention

P333+P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention

P342+P311 - If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a doctor

P362 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse

P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use alcohol resistant foam, dry powder, carbon dioxide (CO2) to extinguish

P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool

P405 - Store locked up

P501 - Dispose of contents and container to comply with applicable local, state, national and international regulation.

2.3. Other hazards

other hazards which do not result in classification

: Spilled material may present a slipping hazard.

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Methyl alcohol	(CAS No) 67-56-1	<13	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapor), H331 STOT SE 1, H370
Glutaraldehyde	(CAS No) 111-30-8	≤6	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 2 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H330 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335
Formaldehyde	(CAS No) 50-00-0	<5	Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation), H331 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Carc. 1A, H350 STOT SE 3, H335
Boric acid, disodium salt, pentahydrate	(CAS No) 12179-04-3	<2.5	Repr. 1B, H360

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general

: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Call a doctor.

First-aid measures after inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Keep victim warm and rested. Seek medical attention immediately. If breathing stops, give artificial respiration. Transfer to hospital rapidly. Immediately call a doctor.

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First-aid measures after ingestion

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First-aid measures after skin contact	Wash immediately with lots of water (15 minutes)/shower.	. Take off immediately all contaminated
	clothing. Get medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing	ng before reuse.

First-aid measures after eye contact

In case of contact with eyes flush immediately with plenty of flowing water for 10 to 15 minutes holding eyelids apart and consult an ophthalmologist. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel. Seek medical attention immediately. Transport to hospital.

If swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Immediately call a POISON CENTER. Give water or milk if the person is fully conscious. Take immediately victim to hospital.

Seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries : Causes damage to organs.

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. May cause cancer by inhalation. Causes damage to liver through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. Depression of the central nervous system, headaches, dizziness, drowsiness,

loss of coordination. Death in extreme cases.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : Harmful in contact with skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes skin irritation. Absorbed through the skin. Repeated exposure to this material can result in absorption through skin causing significant health hazard. Contains formaldehyde which can combine with epidermal protein to

produce a hapten-protein couple capable of sensitising T-lymphocytes. Subsequent exposures cause a type IV hypersensitivity reaction.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation. Redness and pain. Impaired vision, watering of eyes, defects in the

cornea. Burning sensation. Inflammation. Can cause blindness.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : Harmful if swallowed. Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard. This material contains methanol, which, when ingested, has cards acidosis, ocular toxicity ranging from diminished visual capacity to complete blindness, and death. Ingestion may cause nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Swallowing can cause severe injury leading to death.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Alcohol resistant foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : Combustible liquid.

Explosion hazard : May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture. Vapor heavier than air may travel considerable

distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Prevent runoff from entering drains, sewers or waterways. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water

from entering environment.

Protective equipment for firefighters : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Wear

a self contained breathing apparatus.

Other information Combustible liquid. Heat may build pressure rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and

: Combustible liquid. Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries. Use water spray to cool unopened containers. Alcohols burn with a pale blue flame which may be extremely hard to see under normal lighting conditions. Personnel may be able to feel the heat of the fire without seeing flames. Extreme caution must be exercised in fighting alcohol fires. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to an ignition source and flash back to source of vapors. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely. On burning: release of carbon monoxide - carbon dioxide. unburned hydrocarbons. Formaldehyde.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Stop leak if safe to do so. Avoid breathing dust, fume, mist, spray, vapors. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No open flames. No smoking. Use special care to avoid static electric charges.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Wear suitable protective clothing. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

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Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Avoid breathing dust, fume, mist, spray, vapors. Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

: Keep upwind of the spilled material and isolate exposure . Wear proper protective equipment. Contain large spillage with sand or earth. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Gather the product and place it in a spare container that has been suitably labelled. Store away from other materials. Small spills may be flushed to a sanitary sewer with copious amounts of water, if in accordance with local, state or national legislation. Eliminate all sources of ignition, avoid sparks, flames and do not smoke in risk area. Ensure all national and local regulations are observed. Incinerate, dispose in sanitary landfill - if permitted. Consult the appropriate authorities about waste disposal.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Work in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing dust, fume, mist, spray, vapors. Keep away from clothing as well as other incompatible materials. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Hygiene measures

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures

: A washing facility for eye and skin cleaning purposes should be present. Ensure adequate ventilation. Comply with applicable regulations. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.

Storage conditions

 Protect containers against physical damage. Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place. Store away from direct sunlight or other heat sources. Keep container tightly closed.

Incompatible materials

: Strong acids, bases. Oxidizing agents.

Heat and ignition sources

: Store away from direct sunlight or other heat sources.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	200 ppm
USA ACGIH	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	250 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)	260 mg/m³
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm

Formaldehyde (50-00-0)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (ppm)	0.3 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	0.75 ppm
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (STEL) (ppm)	2 ppm (see 29 CFR 1910.1048)

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Boric acid, disodium salt, pentahydrate (12179-04-3)			
USA AC	CGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)	2 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)
USA AC	CGIH	ACGIH STEL (mg/m³)	6 mg/m³ (inhalable fraction)

Glutaraldehyde (111-30-8)			
	USA ACGIH	ACGIH Ceiling (ppm)	0.05 ppm (activated and inactivated)

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity

of any potential exposure. Provide adequate ventilation. Monitoring the effectiveness of

engineering control is recommended.

Personal protective equipment : Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Wear protective clothing, protective gloves, eye

protection/goggles, face protection. For certain operations, additional Personal Protection

Equipment (PPE) may be required.

Hand protection : Wear impermeable protective nitrile gloves. The quality of the protective gloves resistant to

chemicals must be chosen as a function of the specific working place concentration and quantity

of hazardous substances.

Eye protection : Contact lenses should not be worn. Chemical goggles and face shields are required to prevent

potential eye contact, irritation or injury.

Skin and body protection : Long sleeved protective clothing. Overall. Rubber apron, boots. safety foot-wear.

Respiratory protection : In case of insufficient ventilation. Wear suitable respiratory equipment. Approved organic vapor

respirator.

Environmental exposure controls : Avoid discharge to the environment.

Other information : Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid
Color : Red

Odor : Mild pleasant odor
Odor threshold : No data available
pH : No data available

Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : 1

Melting point : No data available : -1 °C (30 °F) Freezing point Boiling point : 96 °C (205 °F) Flash point : 71 °C (160°F COC) : No data available Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature No data available : No data available Flammability (solid, gas) Vapor pressure : No data available

Relative vapor density at 20 °C : 1

Relative density : No data available

Density : 1.045 Specific Gravity

Solubility : Water: completely soluble

Log Pow : No data available
Log Kow : No data available
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Viscosity, dynamic : No data available
Explosive properties : No data available
Oxidising properties : No data available
Explosive limits : 6.7 - 72 vol %

9.2. Other information

VOC content : 15 % (Percent volatiles)

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No additional information available

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions. Unstable on exposure to heat. Combustible liquid. May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Heat, sparks, open flames, hot surfaces. Heat sources.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Oxidizing agents. Strong acids. strong bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition generates: Corrosive vapors. Fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. Formaldehyde.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Harmful if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin. Harmful if inhaled.

Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)	
LC50 inhalation rat (ppm)	22500 ppm (Exposure time: 8 h)
ATE US (oral)	100.00000000 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE US (dermal)	300.00000000 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE US (vapors)	3.00000000 mg/l/4h

Formaldehyde (50-00-0)	
LD50 oral rat	600 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	270 mg/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	0.578 mg/l/4h
ATE US (oral)	100.0000000 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE US (dermal)	270.00000000 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE US (gases)	700.00000000 ppmv/4h
ATE US (vapors)	0.57800000 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust,mist)	0.57800000 mg/l/4h

Boric acid, disodium salt, pentahydrate (12179-04-3)	
LD50 oral rat	2403 mg/kg
ATE US (oral)	2403.0000000 mg/kg bodyweight

Glutaraldehyde (111-30-8)	
LD50 oral rat	252 mg/kg
LD50 dermal rabbit	560 μl/kg
LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)	0.1 mg/l/4h
ATE US (oral)	252.00000000 mg/kg bodyweight
ATE US (vapors)	0.10000000 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust,mist)	0.10000000 mg/l/4h

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation : May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified

(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer.

Formaldehyde (50-00-0)	
IARC group	1 - Carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicity Program (NTP) Status	2 - Known Human Carcinogens

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Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) : May cause respiratory irritation. Causes damage to organs.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated

exposure)

: Not classified

(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

(Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met)

Potential Adverse human health effects and

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation

symptoms

: Harmful if inhaled. Toxic if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin.

: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation. May cause cancer by inhalation. Causes damage to liver through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled. Depression of the central nervous system, headaches, dizziness, drowsiness,

loss of coordination. Death in extreme cases.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact

: Harmful in contact with skin. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes skin irritation. Absorbed through the skin. Repeated exposure to this material can result in absorption through skin causing significant health hazard. Contains formal debude which can combine with paid may be recombined with the recombined with paid may be recombined with paid may be recombined with paid may be recombined with the recombined with th

significant health hazard. Contains formaldehyde which can combine with epidermal protein to produce a hapten-protein couple capable of sensitising T-lymphocytes. Subsequent exposures

cause a type IV hypersensitivity reaction.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation. Redness and pain. Impaired vision, watering of eyes, defects in the

cornea. Burning sensation. Inflammation. Can cause blindness.

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : Harmful if swallowed. Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard. This material contains methanol, which, when ingested, has cards acidosis, ocular toxicity ranging from diminished visual capacity to complete blindness, and death. Ingestion may cause

nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Swallowing can cause severe injury leading to death.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Formaldehyde (50-00-0)	
LC50 fishes 1	22.6 - 25.7 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
EC50 Daphnia 1	2 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC50 fish 2	1510 µg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])
EC50 Daphnia 2	11.3 - 18 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])
Clutaraldahyda (111 20 9)	

Glutaraldehyde (111-30-8)			
LC50 fishes 1 7.8 - 22 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static])			
EC50 Daphnia 1	14 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)		
LC50 fish 2	2.6 - 4.8 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [flow-through])		
EC50 Daphnia 2	0.56 - 1.0 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])		

12.2. Persistence and degradability

JAUN-DIAL STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT	
Persistence and degradability	Not established.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

JAUN-DIAL			
Bioaccumulative potential Not established.			
Formaldehyde (50-00-0)			
Log Pow 0.35 (at 25 °C)			
Glutaraldehyde (111-30-8)			
Log Pow	0.22 (at 25 °C)		

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects

Effect on ozone layer : No additional information available

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Effect on the global warming : No additional information available

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations

: It is the responsibility of the user to determine if disposal material is hazardous according to federal, state and local regulations. Dispose of contents and container to comply with applicable local, state, national and international regulation. Consult the appropriate authorities about waste disposal. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to flames, sparks, heat, or other potential ignition sources. Do not re-use empty containers. Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local and national regulations. Incinerate, dispose in sanitary landfill - if permitted. Ensure all national and local regulations are observed.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment. Hazardous waste due to toxicity.

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with DOT

Not regulated for transport

Additional information

Other information

: No supplementary information available.

Transport by sea

Not regulated for transport

Air transport

Not regulated for transport

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

JAUN-DIAL		
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)		2127 lb
Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)		
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)	5000 lb	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 %	

Formaldehyde (50-00-0)		
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Listed on the United States SARA Section 302 Listed on United States SARA Section 313		
RQ (Reportable quantity, section 304 of EPA's List of Lists)	100 lb	
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	500	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	0.1 %	

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Formaldehyde (50-00-0)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domes	tic Sustances List)
WHMIS Classification	Class A - Compressed Gas Class B Division 1 - Flammable Gas Class D Division 1 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision A - Very toxic material causing other toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects
Glutaraldehyde (111-30-8)	
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domes	tic Sustances List)
WHMIS Classification	Class D Division 1 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing immediate and serious toxic effects Class D Division 2 Subdivision B - Toxic material causing other toxic effects Class F - Corrosive Material

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NEW ZEALAND

HSNO Approval Number HSR 002567

ERMA Group Standard Embalming Products (Flammable, Toxic [6.1], Corrosive) Group Standard 2006

HSNO controls: Trigger quantities beyond which site and storage conditions apply:

Fire extinguishers: 500 L

Response plans and secondary containment: 100 L

Signage: 250 L

Approved handler test certificate: Required for HSNO Class 6 substance

Tracking requirements: 6.1B substances must comply with the Hazardous

Substances (Tracking) Regulations 2001.

This information is subject to the conditions and exceptions detailed in the relevant Group

Standard available from http://ermanz.govt.nz/hs/groupstandards/index.html.

EU-Regulations

Formaldehyde (50-00-0)

Listed on the EEC inventory EINECS (European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances)

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

No additional information available

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD] or 1999/45/EC [DPD]

No additional information available

15.2.2. National regulations

Formaldehyde (50-00-0)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Listed on the AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)

Listed on IECSC (Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances Produced or Imported in China)

Listed on the Japanese ENCS (Existing & New Chemical Substances) inventory

Listed on the Japanese ISHL (Industrial Safety and Health Law)

Listed on the Korean ECL (Existing Chemicals List)

Listed on NZIoC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals)

Listed on PICCS (Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances)

Japanese Poisonous and Deleterious Substances Control Law

Japanese Pollutant Release and Transfer Register Law (PRTR Law)

Listed as carcinogen on NTP (National Toxicology Program)

Listed on the Canadian IDL (Ingredient Disclosure List)

15.3. US State regulations

Methyl alcohol (67-56-1)				
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significance risk level (NSRL)
	Yes			

Formaldehyde (50-00-0)				
U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	U.S California -	No significance risk level
Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	Proposition 65 -	(NSRL)
Carcinogens List	Developmental Toxicity	Reproductive Toxicity -	Reproductive Toxicity -	
		Female	Male	
Yes				

SECTION 16: Other information

Other information : None.

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Full text of H-phrases: see section 16:

Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 2		
Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 3		
Acute toxicity (inhalation) Category 3		
Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapor) Category 3		
Acute toxicity (oral), Category 3		
Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 4		
Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 4		
Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4		
Carcinogenicity, Category 1A		
Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1		
Flammable liquids Category 2		
Flammable liquids Category 4		
Reproductive toxicity Category 1B		
Sensitisation — Respiratory, category 1		
skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B		
skin corrosion/irritation Category 2		
Sensitisation — Skin, category 1		
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 1		
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3		
Highly flammable liquid and vapor		
Combustible liquid		
Toxic if swallowed		
Harmful if swallowed		
Toxic in contact with skin		
Harmful in contact with skin		
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage		
Causes skin irritation		
May cause an allergic skin reaction		
Causes serious eye damage		
Fatal if inhaled		
Toxic if inhaled		
Harmful if inhaled		
May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled		
May cause respiratory irritation		
May cause cancer		
May damage fertility or the unborn child		
Causes damage to organs		

HMIS III Rating

Health : 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur

Flammability : 2 Moderate Hazard Physical : 0 Minimal Hazard

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

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 February 2023
 EN (English)
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